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Original Research Article

Cost Benefit Analysis of Vegetables Crops at Borsi Farm of DKSCARS, Bhatapara, Chhattisgarh, India

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ABSTRACT

Keywords

Benefit Analysis , Vegetables Crops, Borsi Farm An attempt has been made to examine the cost benefit of major kharif season vegetables crops at DKS College of Agriculture and Research Station, Bhatapara (Borsi farm). The study is confined to two major kharif season vegetables crops namely Cauliflower and potato. The experiment is laid out in randomized block design with 10 treatment, comprising of three drip irrigation level and three fertigation level and the treatment are replicated are thrice. The Benefit: Cost ratio is observed to be highest (1:2.83) in cauliflower crop at all treatments, while it is lower (1:1.82) in potato crops at all treatments on farms. It was also observed that cost of cultivation of cauliflower were observed Rs. 47,235 per hectare while for potato crops it was Rs.1,06,794 per hectare. It means cauliflower crops need low input cost as compare to potato crops.

Introduction

High risk involves in the production of vegetables owing to its perishable nature. The progressive farmers are in a position to take the decision towards the cultivation of vegetables but other is not due to lack of adequate inputs and cost benefit analysis information. If some information such as cost of cultivation, cost of production, Inputoutput ratio, and marketing cost is available to the farmers, then the production of vegetable crops can be encouraged in the Bhatapara region for benefit of the farmers. In the light of above, the present study is taken up to analyze and examine cost benefits of vegetable crops under Indira Gandi Krishi Vishwavidhyala funded project SWE-04 in 2016-17 at DKS College of Agriculture and Research Station, Bhatapara (Borsi farm).

Materials and Methods

Effect of different level of irrigation and fertigation on vegetable crops is going on at DKS college of Agriculture & Research Station, Bhatapara in the financial year 2016-17. The study was taken in one of the selected field of borsi farm. Three crops were considered to include in the study namely Cauliflower, Cabbage and potato. The experiment is laid out in randomized block design with 10 treatment, comprising of three drip irrigation level and three fertigation level and the treatment are replicated are thrice.

Results and Discussion

Cost benefit analysis of cauliflower Crops at Various level of irrigation and fertigation

It was observed from table-1 that on average basis cauliflower productivity was 194 quintal per hectare at different irrigation + fertigation level in the farm in which maximum yields (230.98 qt/ha.) obtained at 80 % of irrigation + fertigation level. The average gross return from cauliflower crop was Rs.1,80,948 per hactare and on an average basis cost of cultivation of cauliflower were observed Rs. 47,235 per hectare in which fertilizer cost is Rs. 31094 per hectare it is 65 % of total cost of cultivation and remaining 35 % cost was born on cost of seedlings, spray materials, charges and depreciation labour of equipments. The cost of production was observed rs243.45 per quintals and net cauliflower from return crop was

Rs.1,33,712 per hectare. The Benefit: Cost ratio was observed 1: 2.83 for cauliflower crop.

Table-2 reveled cost benefit analysis of potato crops it was observed that on average basis potato productivity was 194.5 quintal per hectare at different irrigation + fertigation level in the farm in which maximum yields (205.32 qt/ha.) obtained at 80 % of irrigation + fertigation level. The average gross return from potato crop was Rs.1,94,528 per hectare and on an average basis cost of cultivation of potato were observed Rs. 1,06,794 per hectare in which fertilizer cost is Rs. 31894 per hectare it is about 30 % of total cost of cultivation and remaining 70 % cost was born on cost of tuber, spray materials, labour charges and depreciation of equipments. The cost of production was observed Rs. 551.74 per quintals and net return from potato crop was Rs. 87,734 per hectare. The Benefit: Cost ratio was observed 1: 1.82 for potato crop.

Table.1 Cost economics of cauliflower crop

| Treatments | Yield | Gross | Cost of Cultivation (Rs./ha.) | | | Cost | | B:C |
|------------|--------|------------|-------------------------------|------------|-----------|---------|----------|--------|
| | (q/ha) | Return | Cost of | Fertilizer | Total | of | Net | ratio |
| | | (Rs. /ha.) | Seedlings + | Cost (Rs. | Cost | Prod | Return | |
| | | | Spray materials | /ha.) | (Rs./ha.) | (Rs./q) | Rs./ha.) | |
| | | | + Labour Cost + | | | | | |
| | | | Interest & | | | | | |
| | | | Depreciation on | | | | | |
| | | | Drip system | | | | | |
| I1F1 | 204.32 | 204320 | 17200 | 26928 | 44128 | 215.97 | 160192 | 1:3.63 |
| I1F2 | 195.58 | 195580 | 17200 | 33660 | 50860 | 260.05 | 144720 | 1:2.85 |
| I1F3 | 187.15 | 187150 | 17200 | 40392 | 57592 | 307.73 | 129558 | 1:2.25 |
| I2F1 | 230.98 | 230980 | 17200 | 26928 | 44128 | 191.05 | 186852 | 1:4.23 |
| I2F2 | 200.89 | 200890 | 17200 | 33660 | 50860 | 253.17 | 150030 | 1:2.95 |
| I2F3 | 190.76 | 190760 | 17200 | 40392 | 57592 | 301.91 | 133168 | 1:2.31 |
| I3F1 | 201.74 | 201740 | 17200 | 26928 | 44128 | 218.74 | 157612 | 1:3.57 |
| I3F2 | 192.34 | 192340 | 17200 | 33660 | 50860 | 264.43 | 141480 | 1:2.78 |
| I3F3 | 182.26 | 182260 | 17200 | 40392 | 57592 | 315.99 | 124668 | 1:2.16 |
| I4 | 159.12 | 63648 | 16500 | 8000 | 24500 | 153.97 | 39148 | 1:1.60 |
| Average | 194.07 | 180948 | 17103.7 | 31094 | 47235.5 | 243.45 | 133712.6 | 1:2.83 |

| Treatments | Yield | Gross | Cost of Cultivation | | | Cost of | | B:C |
|------------|--------|--------|---------------------|------------|--------|---------|--------|--------|
| | (q/ha) | Return | Tubers + | Fertilizer | Total | Prod. | Net | ratio |
| | | | Spray | Cost | Cost | (Rs./q) | Return | |
| | | | materials + | | | | | |
| | | | Labour | | | | | |
| | | | Cost + | | | | | |
| | | | Interest & | | | | | |
| | | | Depreciati | | | | | |
| | | | on on Drip | | | | | |
| I1F1 | 191.76 | 191760 | 75000 | 26928 | 101928 | 531.54 | 89832 | 1:1.88 |
| I1F2 | 231.98 | 231980 | 75000 | 33660 | 108660 | 468.40 | 123320 | 1:2.13 |
| I1F3 | 201.89 | 201890 | 75000 | 40392 | 115392 | 571.56 | 86498 | 1:1.75 |
| I2F1 | 188.15 | 188150 | 75000 | 26928 | 101928 | 541.74 | 86222 | 1:1.85 |
| I2F2 | 205.32 | 205320 | 75000 | 33660 | 108660 | 529.22 | 96660 | 1:1.89 |
| I2F3 | 196.58 | 196580 | 75000 | 40392 | 115392 | 587.00 | 81188 | 1:1.70 |
| I3F1 | 183.26 | 183260 | 75000 | 26928 | 101928 | 556.19 | 81332 | 1:1.80 |
| I3F2 | 202.74 | 202740 | 75000 | 33660 | 108660 | 535.96 | 94080 | 1:1.87 |
| I3F3 | 193.34 | 193340 | 75000 | 40392 | 115392 | 596.83 | 77948 | 1:1.68 |
| I4 | 150.26 | 150260 | 74000 | 16000 | 90000 | 598.96 | 60260 | 1:1.67 |
| Average | 194.5 | 194528 | 74900 | 31894 | 106794 | 551.74 | 87734 | 1:1.82 |

Table.2 Cost economics of Potato crops

Fig.1 comparative cost benefit Analysis of cauliflower and potato crop



The Benefit: Cost ratio is observed to be highest (1:2.83) in cauliflower crop at all treatments, while it is lower (1:1.82) in potato crops at all treatments on farms. It was also observed that cost of cultivation of cauliflower were observed Rs. 47,235 per hectare while for potato crops it was Rs.1,06,794 per hectare. It means cauliflower crops need low input cost as compare to potato crops.

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