

Original Research Article

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Character Association and Path Analysis in Bottle Gourd (*Lagenaria siceraria* L.)

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ABSTRACT

Keywords

Bottle gourd, Character association, Path analysis, Yield attributing characters

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A field experiment was conducted at All India Co-ordinated Research Project on Vegetable Crops, Odisha University of Agriculture and Technology, Bhubaneswar with seventeen genotypes of bottle gourd [*Lagenaria siceraria*] in Randomized Block Design with three replications during Post Rabi 2018-19. The result on phenotypic and genotypic correlation coefficient revealed that fruit yield per plant was significantly and positively correlated with fruit weight (0.799 and 0.856), node at which female flower appear (0.310 and 0.395), leaf area (0.288 and 0.357). However, node at which male flower appear (-0.085 and -0.109) was significantly and negatively correlated with fruit yield per plant at both phenotypic and genotypic level. Further, path coefficient analysis partitioned the correlation into direct and indirect effects. Path analysis revealed that maximum positive direct effect on fruit yield per plant was exhibited through fruit weight, fruit length, days to flowering, 50% flowering and leaf area, fruit girth, leaf weight, seeds per fruit and fruit circumference these characters play a major role in recombination breeding and suggested that direct selection based on these traits will be rewarded for crop improvement of bottle gourd.

Introduction

Bottle gourd (*Lagenaria siceraria*) was domesticated in Asia and at the same time indigenous to Africa (Whitaker and Davis, 1962). The freshly extracted juice of bottle gourd has a tremendous medicinal property that is used for excessive thirst due to severe diarrhea, diabetes and is used in the treatment of epilepsy, stomach acidity, indigestion, ulcers as well as other nervous diseases

(Warrier *et al.*, 1995). In addition to this, the fiber portion helps in preventing constipation and other digestive disorders like flatulence and piles. Bottle gourd is known to lower cholesterol, triglyceride, low-density lipoproteins, pain and inflammation (Ghule *et al.*, 2006).

Yield is a complex trait influenced by genetic factors interacting with environment and is dependent on many other attributes. Other

yield attributing traits like vine length, node at which first female flower appeared, number of fruits per plant, fruit length, fruit weight etc. are inherited quantitatively and their expression is governed by polygenes which are highly influenced by environment and are less heritable. So selection based on yield components rather than yield itself is reliable and may be accomplished through the component approach of breeding.

A specific difference in environment may have a great effect on some genotypes than others (Shaikh *et al.*, 2012). So, keeping in view of the above facts, the field experiment was designed to study the character association and path analysis of seventeen genotypes of bottle gourd.

Materials and Methods

The experiment was carried out at All India Co-ordinated Research Project on Vegetable Crops, OUAT, Bhubaneswar, during *rabi*, 2018-19 with 17 bottle gourd genotypes. The experiment was laid out in Randomized Block Design (RBD) with three replications. In each replication, each entry was grown in a plot having four basins with 3 plants basin⁻¹.

From randomly selected 5 plants per each plot observations were recorded for fifteen characters *viz.*, plant height (cm), internodal length (cm), leaf area (m²), leaf weight (kg), days to flowering, days to 50% flowering, node at which female flower appear, node at which male flower appear, fruit length (cm), fruit girth (cm), fruit circumference (cm), fruit weight (g), number of seeds fruit⁻¹, fruit yield plant⁻¹ (g) and fruit yield hectare⁻¹ (q). The data were statistically analysed for computation of character association according to the method suggested by Al-Jibouri *et al.*, (1958) and path analysis as per Dewey and Lu (1959).

Results and Discussion

Correlation of fruit yield per plant with other yield components

According to the results of the present investigation, it was found that the genotypic correlation coefficients were higher than the respective phenotypic correlation coefficients as presented in Table 1 and 2, indicating a strong inherent association among the various characters studied. The yield per plant exhibited highly significant positive correlation with fruit weight, leaf weight, at both phenotypic and genotypic level. These results are in accordance with the findings of (Mahapatra *et al.*, 2019).

These findings indicate the importance of these traits in selection for simultaneous improvement of aforesaid traits along with fruit yield per plant in bottle gourd. Low positive correlation with yield per plant was observed with days to flowering at phenotypic level, internodal length at genotypic level and fruit length at both phenotypic and genotypic level. Similar trend was observed by (Ara *et al.*, 2014) and (Dora *et al.*, 2003).

Some attributes like internodal length, inflorescence length, fresh weight of root showed negative correlation with yield per plant suggesting that these characters will be taken into consideration for improvement of dolichos bean for earliness.

Traits like days to first flowering and days to 50% flowering exhibited negative significant correlation with pod yield per plant at both genotypic and phenotypic level which implies least importance for effective selection based on these characters. These results are in agreement with Chaitanya *et al.*, (2014) and Verma *et al.*, (2015).

Table.1 Phenotypic correlation coefficient (r_p) between all pairs of 14 characters studied in bottle gourd genotypes

	Plant height (cm)	Fruit length (cm)	Fruit circumference (cm)	Fruit girth (cm)	Leaf area (m ²)	Leaf weight (kg)	Internodal length (cm)	Fruit weight (kg)	Seeds/fruit	Days to flowering	Days to 50% flowering	Node at which female flower	Node at which male flower appear	Yield/plant (kg)
Plant height (cm)	1.00													
Fruit length (cm)	-0.453**	1.00												
Fruit circumference (cm)	0.386**	-0.816**	1.00											
Fruit girth (cm)	0.385**	-0.782**	0.934**	1.00										
Leaf area (m²)	-0.101	-0.048	0.142	0.143	1.00									
Leaf weight (kg)	-0.288*	-0.010	0.303*	0.297*	0.700**	1.00								
Internodal length (cm)	0.124	0.291*	-0.333*	-0.306*	0.164	-0.169	1.00							
Fruit weight (kg)	0.340*	0.042	0.104	0.014	0.154	0.164	0.125	1.00						
Seeds/fruit	-0.268	-0.039	0.183	0.215	0.248	0.445**	-0.419**	0.036	1.00					
Days to flowering	-0.230	0.101	-0.127	-0.094	0.408**	0.389**	0.003	0.120	-0.006	1.00				
Days to 50%flowering	-0.011	-0.211	0.376**	0.355**	0.114	0.255	-0.281*	-0.171	0.247	0.089	1.00			
Node at which female flower Appear	0.156	-0.081	0.126	0.214	0.103	0.082	0.187	0.076	0.147	0.009	0.379**	1.00		
Node at which male flower appear	0.132	-0.350*	0.275*	0.340*	-0.034	-0.055	-0.174	-0.268	0.141	-0.088	0.299*	0.528**	1.00	
Yield/plant (kg)	0.196	0.097	0.162	0.113	0.288*	0.356**	0.058	0.799**	0.240	0.091	0.127	0.310*	-0.085	1.00

*Significance level @ 5% and ** Significance level @ 1%

Table.2 Genotypic correlation coefficient (r_g) between all pairs of 14 characters studied in bottle gourd genotypes

	Plant height (cm)	Fruit length (cm)	Fruit circumference (cm)	Fruit girth (cm)	Leaf area (m ²)	Leaf weight (kg)	Internodal length (cm)	Fruit weight (kg)	Seeds/fruit	Days to flowering	Days to 50% flowering	Node at which female flower appear	Node at which male flower appear	Yield/ plant (kg)
Plant height (cm)	1.00													
Fruit length (cm)	-0.467**	1.00												
Fruit circumference (cm)	0.401**	-0.837**	1.00											
Fruit girth (cm)	0.409**	-0.814**	0.964**	1.00										
Leaf area (m ²)	-0.118	-0.046	0.142	0.134	1.00									
Leaf weight (kg)	-0.326*	-0.008	0.320	0.300	0.787**	1.00								
Internodal length (cm)	0.112	0.307*	-0.383**	-0.362**	0.167	-0.252	1.00							
Fruit weight (kg)	0.352	0.042	0.106	0.013	0.181	0.172	0.144	1.00						
Seeds/fruit	-0.293*	-0.025	0.228	0.254	0.327*	0.516**	-0.512**	0.040	1.00					
Days to flowering	-0.372**	0.208	-0.259	-0.206	0.711**	0.680**	0.123	0.189	0.015	1.00				
Days to 50%flowering	0.029	-0.291*	0.479**	0.499**	0.146	0.433**	-0.311*	-0.215	0.454**	0.036	1.00			
Node at which female flower Appear	0.208	-0.079	0.133	0.290*	0.160	0.156	0.240	0.090	0.198	-0.038	0.499**	1.00		
Node at which male flower Appear	0.235	-0.524**	0.392**	0.570**	-0.110	-0.081	-0.305*	-0.389**	0.081	-0.175	0.492**	0.759**	1.00	
Yield/plant (kg)	0.222	0.079	0.175	0.111	0.357**	0.394**	0.030	0.856**	0.354**	0.377**	0.173	0.395**	-0.109	1.00

*Significance level at 5% and ** Significance level at 1%

Table.3 Estimate of direct (diagonal) and indirect effect of component characters on yield in bottle gourd genotypes

	Plant Height (cm)	Fruit length (cm)	Fruit circumference (cm)	Fruit girth (cm)	Leaf area (m2)	Leaf Weight (kg)	Internodal length (cm)	Fruit weight (kg)	Seeds/ fruit	Days to flowering	Days to 50% Flowering	Node at which Female flower appear	Node at which male Flower appear	Yield/ Plant (kg)
Plant height (cm)	-0.022	-0.118	0.017	0.042	-0.011	-0.0151	-0.004	0.272	-0.013	0.023	-0.001	0.024	0.004	0.196
Fruit length (cm)	0.009	0.262	-0.037	-0.086	-0.005	-0.0005	-0.010	0.033	-0.001	-0.010	-0.032	-0.012	-0.010	0.097
Fruit circumference (cm)	-0.008	-0.213	0.046	0.103	0.016	0.015	0.011	0.082	0.009	0.012	0.057	0.019	0.008	0.162
Fruit girth (cm)	-0.008	-0.205	0.043	0.111	0.016	0.015	0.010	0.011	0.010	0.009	0.054	0.032	0.010	0.113
Leaf area (m2)	0.002	-0.012	0.006	0.015	0.118	0.036	-0.005	0.123	0.012	-0.040	0.017	0.015	-0.001	0.288*
Leaf weight (kg)	0.006	-0.002	0.013	0.032	0.082	0.053	0.005	0.130	0.022	-0.039	0.039	0.012	-0.001	0.356**
Internodal length (cm)	-0.002	0.076	-0.015	-0.033	0.019	-0.008	-0.035	0.100	-0.021	-0.0003	-0.043	0.028	-0.005	0.058
Fruit weight (kg)	-0.007	0.011	0.004	0.001	0.018	0.008	-0.004	0.799	0.001	-0.0120	-0.026	0.011	-0.008	0.799**
Seeds/fruit	0.005	-0.010	0.008	0.023	0.029	0.023	0.014	0.028	0.051	0.0006	0.038	0.022	0.004	0.240
Days to flowering	0.005	0.026	-0.005	-0.010	0.048	0.020	-0.0001	0.095	-0.0003	-0.1	0.013	0.001	-0.002	0.091
Days to 50%flowering	0.0002	-0.055	0.017	0.039	0.013	0.013	0.009	-0.136	0.012	-0.008	0.154	0.058	0.009	0.127
Node at which female flower appear	-0.003	-0.021	0.005	0.023	0.012	0.004	-0.006	0.060	0.007	-0.0008	0.058	0.154	0.016	0.310*
Node at which male flower appear	-0.002	-0.091	0.012	0.037	-0.004	-0.002	0.006	-0.214	0.007	0.008	0.045	0.081	0.031	-0.08

Residual effects: 0.18027

Table.4 Estimate of direct (diagonal) and indirect effect of component characters on yield per plant in bottle gourd genotype

	Plant height (cm)	Fruit length (cm)	Fruit circumference (cm)	Fruit girth (cm)	Leaf area (m ²)	Leaf weight (kg)	Internodal length (cm)	Fruit weight (kg)	Seeds/ fruit	Days to flowering	Days to 50% Flowering	Node at which female flower appear	Node at which male flower appear	Yield/ plant (kg)
Plant height (cm)	-0.908	-0.481	-0.272	0.606	-0.213	0.637	-0.065	0.637	0.153	0.094	0.033	-0.102	0.103	0.222
Fruit length (cm)	0.424	1.03	0.568	-1.207	-0.083	0.016	-0.180	0.076	0.013	-0.052	-0.334	0.039	-0.230	0.079
Fruit circumference (cm)	-0.364	-0.862	-0.679	1.429	0.258	-0.625	0.225	0.190	-0.119	0.065	0.550	-0.065	0.172	0.175
Fruit girth (cm)	-0.371	-0.838	-0.654	1.483	0.242	-0.585	0.213	0.023	-0.133	0.052	0.573	-0.143	0.250	0.111
Leaf area (m ²)	0.106	-0.047	-0.096	0.198	1.817	-1.539	-0.098	0.327	-0.171	-0.180	0.167	-0.078	-0.048	0.357**
Leaf weight (kg)	0.296	-0.008	-0.217	0.444	1.430	-1.955	0.148	0.311	-0.270	-0.172	0.498	-0.077	-0.035	0.394**
Internodal length (cm)	-0.101	0.316	0.260	-0.537	0.303	0.491	-0.589	0.259	0.268	-0.031	-0.357	-0.118	-0.133	0.030
Fruit weight (kg)	-0.319	0.043	-0.071	0.019	0.329	-0.336	-0.084	1.809	-0.021	-0.047	-0.247	-0.044	-0.170	0.856**
Seeds/fruit	0.266	-0.025	-0.155	0.377	0.593	-1.008	0.301	0.072	-0.524	-0.003	0.522	-0.098	0.035	0.354**
Days to flowering	0.337	0.213	0.175	-0.305	1.292	-1.328	-0.072	0.341	-0.008	-0.254	0.041	0.018	-0.077	0.377**
Days to 50%flowering	-0.026	-0.299	-0.325	0.740	0.264	-0.847	0.183	-0.388	-0.237	-0.009	1.15	-0.246	0.216	0.173
Node at which female flower appear	-0.188	-0.081	-0.090	0.430	0.289	-0.304	-0.141	0.163	-0.103	0.009	0.573	-0.494	0.333	0.395**
Node at which male flower appear	-0.213	- 0.5397	-0.266	0.844	-0.200	0.158	0.179	-0.703	-0.042	0.044	0.566	-0.375	0.439	-0.109

From the above discussion on correlation it may be inferred that with fruit weight, leaf weight, node at which female flower & male flower appear are the important correlated characters effect on yield per plant and simultaneous improvement in these characters will be helpful in bottle gourd improvement programme (Table 3 and 4).

Correlation coefficient which measures the association between any two characters may not give a true comprehensive picture in a complex situation which creates a difficulty in deciding the breeding procedure to be adopted or making simultaneous selection for crop improvement.

Path analysis helps in identifying the most promising components and minimises undesired characters in selection process through partitioning the total correlation into direct and indirect effects of different components.

In the present study as per the data presented in Table 4, it was found that fruit weight showed highly significant phenotypic and genotypic correlation with yield per plant. It exerted maximum direct positive direct effect on yield per plant and indirect positive effect via dependent variable like fruit length, node at which female flower appear, leaf area, seeds per fruit, leaf weight and days to flowering. This suggested that direct selection based on these traits would be rewarding for crop improvement. These findings are in agreement with the observations of (Raut *et al.*, 2013 and Pandey *et al.*, 2012).

Negative correlation of node at which male flower appears with yield per plant is mainly due to negative effect of plant height, fruit length, fruit weight and leaf area. The same findings are in agreement with the observation of (Deepti *et al.*, 2013 and Janaranjan *et al.*, 2015).

From the correlation and path analysis it can be concluded that it can be concluded that the traits like plant height, fruit circumference, fruit length, fruit weight, leaf weight, seeds per fruit, 50% flowering exhibited positive direct effects on fruit yield per plant and selection based on these characters will result in the development of high yielding superior genotypes of bottle gourd. Therefore these characters rewarding to give more focus while selection of genotypes for increasing yield of bottle gourd crop.

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